

FLWEMS Paramedics Adult Protocol for the Management of:

CHEST PAIN/MYOCARDIAL INFARCTION

Indications

To outline the paramedic care and management of any patient with known or suspected acute myocardial infarction i.e. complaints of chest, neck, jaw and/or arm pain.

Procedure

- 1. Establish an airway as outlined in FLWEMS Paramedics Adult Protocol for the Management of Airway & Ventilation and administer supplemental **Oxygen** as needed, (2-6L/min per nasal cannula or face-mask with non-rebreather as indicated).
- 2. Monitor cardiac activity, oxygen saturation, and blood pressure. Treat dysrhythmias per ACLS protocols.
- 3. For all cardiac related transfers, repeat ECG as needed or every 30 minutes to monitor for any acute changes.
- 4. Establish an IV of **0.9% NaCL** at a rate of 20-30cc/hr. If patient is hypotensive, go to Cardiovascular Emergencies (ACLS Protocol). Use caution in the presence of CHF.
- 5. Administer **Aspirin** 324mg PO (administer ½ if patient takes **Aspirin** on a daily basis).
- 6. Obtain a base-line 12 Lead ECG.
- 7. Administer **Nitroglycerin Spray** SL times three doses at five minute intervals for chest discomfort (or anginal equivalent) if SBP greater than 90mm/Hg. If no relief of chest discomfort, consider initiating **Nitroglycerin** (Tridil) IV drip in 10 mcg/minute increments every five minutes as indicated maintaining SBP >90mm/Hg.
- 8. Consider **Morphine Sulfate** in 2mg increments every five minutes for chest discomfort not relieved by NTG, maintaining SBP >90mm/Hg and patient not allergic to MS04.
- 9. Consider **Meperidine HCI** (Demerol) in 25mg increments IVP every 5 minutes or **FentanyI** (Sublimaze) 50 100mcg IM or slow IVP over 1 -2 minutes every 20 30 minutes if patient is allergic to MS04 and SBP is >90mm/Hg.
- 10. Consider a Nitroglycerin IV Infusion (Tridil) 5-20 mcg/min titrated to pain and SPB > 90mm/Hg.
 - **NOTE:** Tridil must be administered via infusion pump.
- 11. Consider **Heparin** 5000 10000 U IVP or SQ then titrate to 1000 U/hr IVPB.
 - **NOTE:** Heparin must be administered via infusion pump.
- 12. Continue Thrombolytic and Anticoagulation therapy as indicated from referring facility.
 - **NOTE:** FLWEMS ambulances do not stock thrombolytic agents. These medicines must be acquired prior to transport on a case-by-case basis.
- 13. Transport to appropriate Emergency Department.
- 14. Contact medical control for further orders as needed.
- 15. If time permits, review contraindications to Thrombolytic use with the patient while en-route to the Emergency Department.

Special Considerations

For patients receiving Thrombolytics, exhibiting signs of CHF, or signs of shock, refer to the appropriate protocol.

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CAIRA/Chemical Surety Considerations

None

Triage ConsiderationsRefer to S.T.A.R.T. Triage Protocol

END OF SOP – NOTHING FOLLOWS